

# Strategies to Enable Winter Cycling and Walking

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January 15, 2014



**Association of Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals**  
*Expertise for sustainable transportation*



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- Planners: APBP has applied to the AICP for 1.5 CM credits for this webinar



# Additional Resources

- *A Guide for Maintaining Pedestrian Facilities for Enhanced Safety* (FHWA-SA-13-037; October 2013). Addresses the needs for pedestrian facility maintenance; common maintenance issues; inspection, accessibility and compliance; maintenance measurers; funding; and construction techniques to reduce future maintenance.
- PBIC Webinar on the Guide here: [http://www.pedbikeinfo.org/training/webinars\\_FHWA\\_120213.cfm](http://www.pedbikeinfo.org/training/webinars_FHWA_120213.cfm)
- Link to presentations from PDS 2013 session on Winter Maintenance: <https://www.filesanywhere.com/fs/v.aspx?v=8b6c648d5d6072a76f9e>
- “City officials unveil new winter sidewalk safety PSA after seeing high number of citations” - News report about the City of Madison’s new PSA on winter accessibility  
Report: <http://www.wkow.com/story/24412590/2014/01/09/city-officials-unveil-new-winter-sidewalk-safety-psa>  
PSA: <http://media.cityofmadison.com/Mediasite/Play/7fb5a3f9f17b4c9c952c76b76e20cd351d>



# Today's webinar presenters

**Tyler Golly** is a general supervisor for the Sustainable Transportation section at the City of Edmonton, where he manages active transportation. His experience includes developing transportation master plans and strategic plans for active transportation, transit-oriented development, and complete streets; translating these plans into policies; building infrastructure and implementing programs outlined in the policies and plans; and monitoring the progress toward achieving the goals and objectives defined by the plans.

**Rob Green** is the Assistant Director of Burlington Public Works, Right of Way. He has been employed by the city since 1987 working as a mechanic, storekeeper, fleet manager and now his current position. He brings experience maintaining, operating and purchasing all makes and models of municipal equipment.



# Today's webinar presenters

**Marc Jolicœur** has been Research Director at Vélo Québec since 1995. He has trained over 500 professionals across Canada in workshops on pedestrian and cyclist-friendly infrastructure while coordinating technical support to over 300 municipalities and organizations involved in the development and operation of the Route verte. He is the lead author of *Planning and Design for Pedestrians and Cyclists* (2010). In 2011, Marc received the Professional of the Year – Private Sector award from the Association of Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals. A professional engineer involved in transportation for over 20 years, he is a year-round bicycle commuter in Montréal.



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# Today's webinar presenters

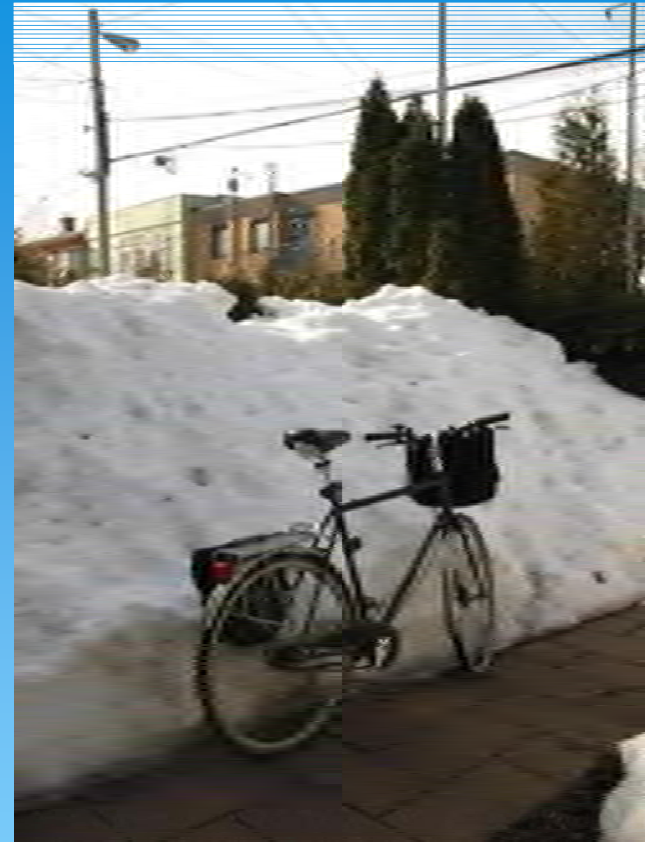
Since 2005, **Nicole Losch** has been Burlington's Transportation Planner and Bicycle and Pedestrian Program Manager. She focuses on long term planning, small project implementation, and grant procurement. Nicole's efforts emphasize transparency and collaboration, both in-house and in the public process, working to bridge the gap between planning and engineering in the department's Office of Planning.

**Arthur Ross** is the Pedestrian and Bicycle Coordinator for the city of Madison, Wisconsin, a position he has held for the past 26 years. He has been involved in the planning and design of all types of bicycle and pedestrian facilities. Arthur is a year-round bicycle commuter, walker and transit user in winter climate zones, with experience in urban, suburban and rural environments. He has served on the Board of Directors of the Association of Pedestrian and Bicycle Professionals, the League of American Bicyclists, and the Bicycle Federation of Wisconsin.



# Winter Cycling Basics for Transportation Managers

Marc Jolicoeur  
Research Director



**Strategies to Enable Winter Cycling and Walking**  
**APBP Webinar, January 15, 2014**





# Key ideas

- \* 4 seasons cycling is possible everywhere
- \* Winters are not equal/climate is changing
- \* Facilities and maintenance should be adapted to local climate /climate changes
- \* Prioritization and predictability are key to higher levels of winter cycling



# 4 seasons cycling is possible

## Oulu, Finland

- \* Latitude 65°N (same as Fairbanks, Alaska)
- \* Average annual snowfall 430 cm (14 feet)
- \* Shortest day: 3h36 of sunshine (10:17 AM – 1:51 PM)



# 4 seasons cycling is possible

## Oulu, Finland

- \* 200 000 inhabitants
- \* Cycling mode share
  - \* 21 % in summer
  - \* 7 % in winter































# While in Helsinki...



Bike path





# Climate

# Climate

- \* Winters and winter perception differs: my winter is worst than yours!
  - \* Snowfall
  - \* Temperature
  - \* Daylight



# Climate

|             | Average Annual Snowfall (cm-inches) | Average January Temperature | Shortest Day |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|
| Copenhagen  | 50 cm – 20"                         | 0°C / 32°F                  | 7h00         |
| Vienna      | 70 cm – 28"                         | 0°C / 32°F                  | 8h20         |
| Calgary     | 130 cm – 4'3"                       | -9°C / 16°F                 | 8h00         |
| Minneapolis | 140 cm – 4'7"                       | -9°C / 16°F                 | 8h50         |
| Montreal    | 230 cm – 7'6"                       | -10°C / 14°F                | 8h40         |
| Oulu        | 430 cm – 14'                        | -10°C / 14°F                | 3h30         |

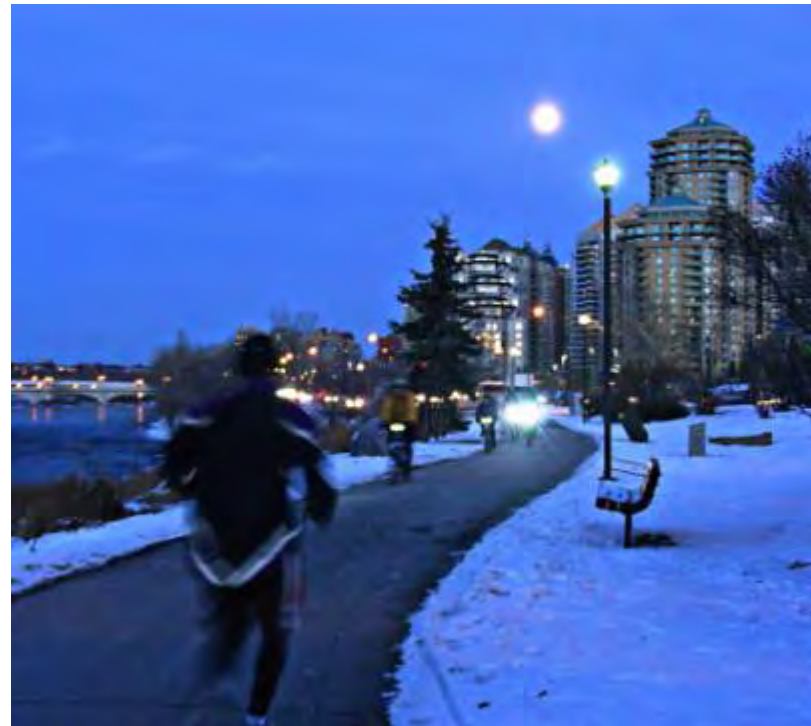
# Climate

- \* Vienna, Copenhagen
  - \* Mild winters (0°C / 32°F)
  - \* Low annual snowfall (50-70 cm / 20-30")
  - \* Types of **SNOWFALLS**
    - \* wet snow
    - \* small amounts



# Climate

- \* Calgary, Minneapolis
  - \* Cold winters ( $-9^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $16^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
  - \* Medium annual snowfall (130-140 cm / 4'3"-4'6")
  - \* Types of snowfall
    - \* wet or dry snow
    - \* small to large amounts



# Climate

- \* Montréal
  - \* Cold winters (-10°C / 14°F)
  - \* High annual snowfall (230 cm / 7'6")
  - \* Types of snowfall
    - \* wet or dry snow
    - \* small to large amounts



# Climate

- \* Oulu
  - \* Cold winters ( $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$  /  $14^{\circ}\text{F}$ )
  - \* Extreme annual snowfall (430 cm – 14')
  - \* Types of snowfall
    - \* dry snow
    - \* regular small amounts + occasional large amounts



# Climate

- \* Climate change
  - \* Uneven
  - \* Getting warmer
    - \* Global : 0,74 °C / 1.33°F
    - \* Canada : 0,9 °C / 1.6°F
    - \* Montréal : 1,1 °C / 2.0°F

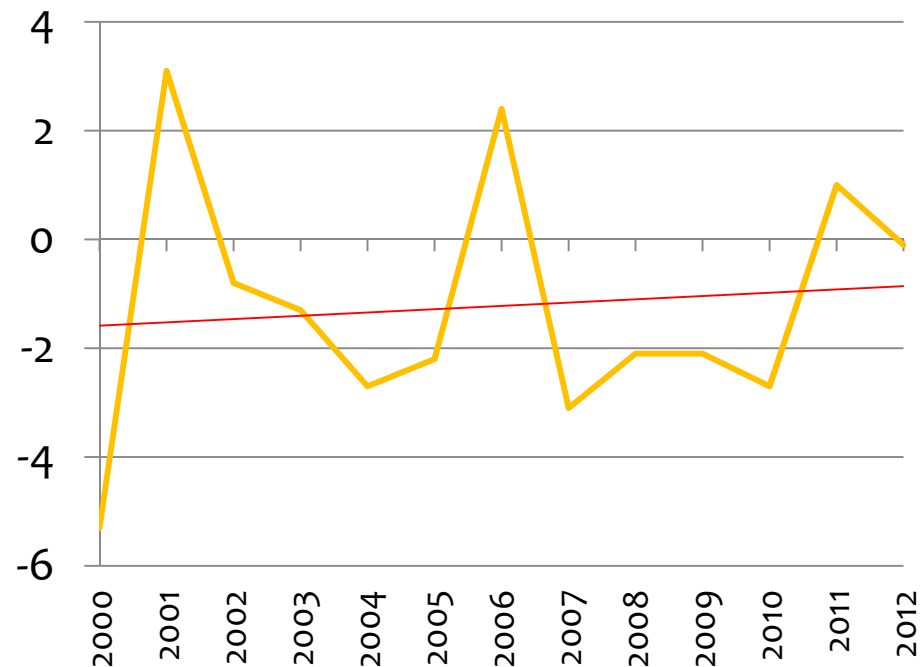




# Climate

- \* Climate change
  - \* Uneven
  - \* Getting warmer
    - \* Monthly Variations

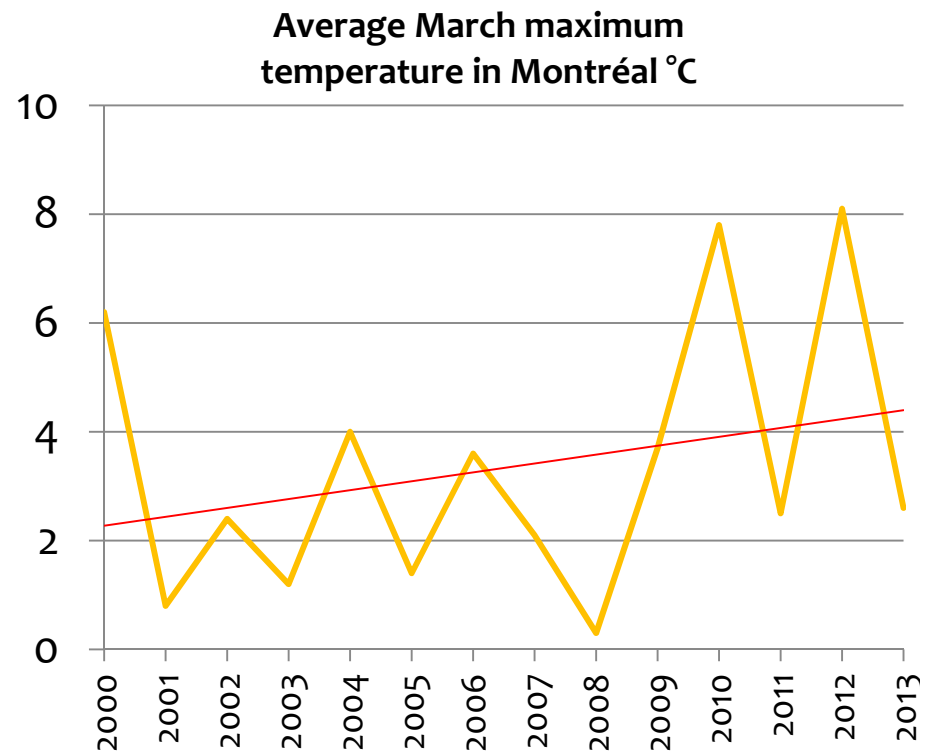
Average December maximum temperature in Montréal °C





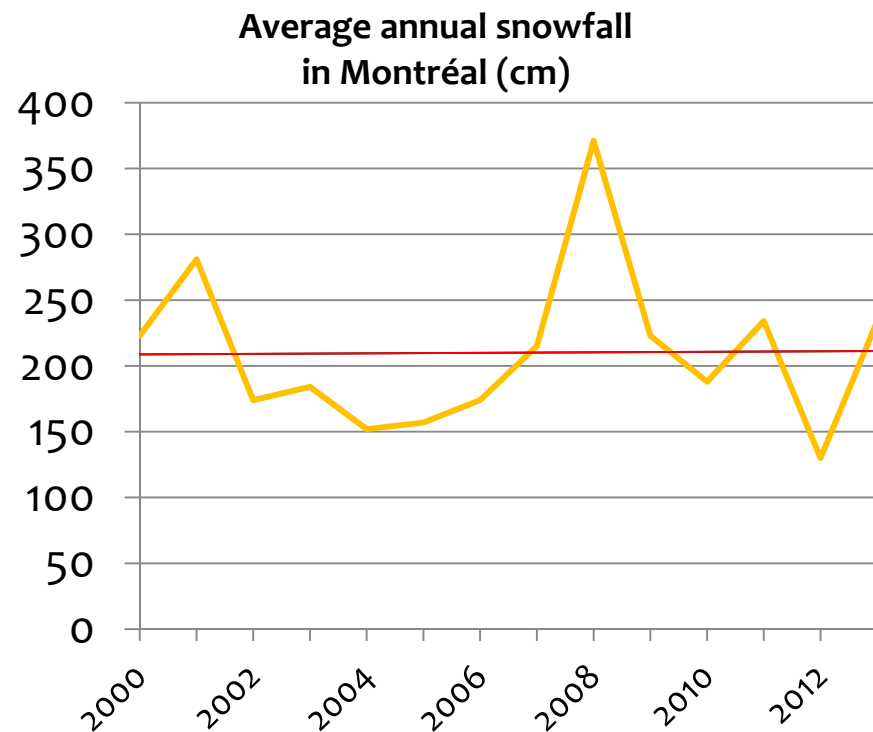
# Climate

- \* Climate change
  - \* Uneven
  - \* Getting warmer
    - \* Monthly Variations



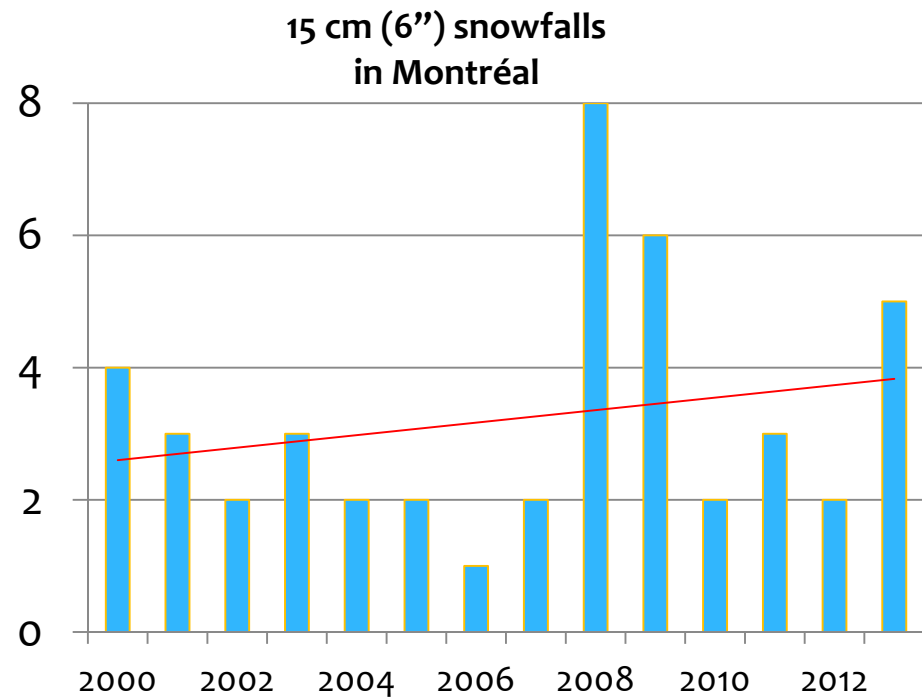
# Climate

- \* Climate change
  - \* Uneven
  - \* Snowfall
    - \* Can increase or decrease locally
    - \* Year to year variations



# Climate

- \* Climate change
  - \* Uneven
  - \* Snowfall
    - \* Number of major snowfalls also varies



# Climate

- \* Climate change

- \* Uneven

- \* Winter Duration in Montréal

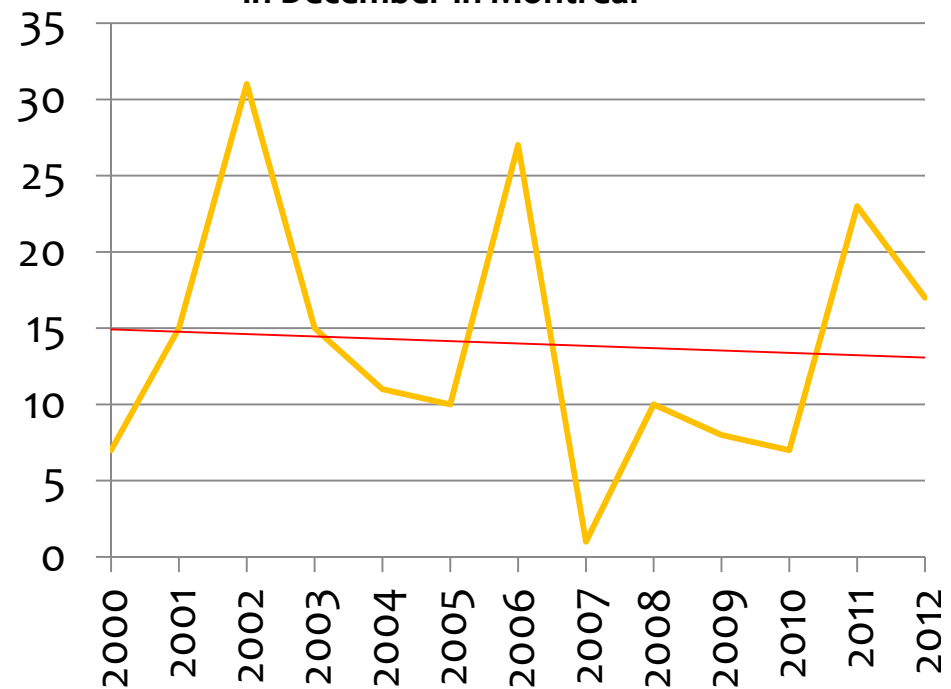
- \* Starts earlier

- \* Average: December 13

- \* As soon as December 1st

- \* As late as December 31st

Start of snow cover (2 cm – 1")  
in December in Montréal



# Climate

- \* Climate change

- \* Uneven

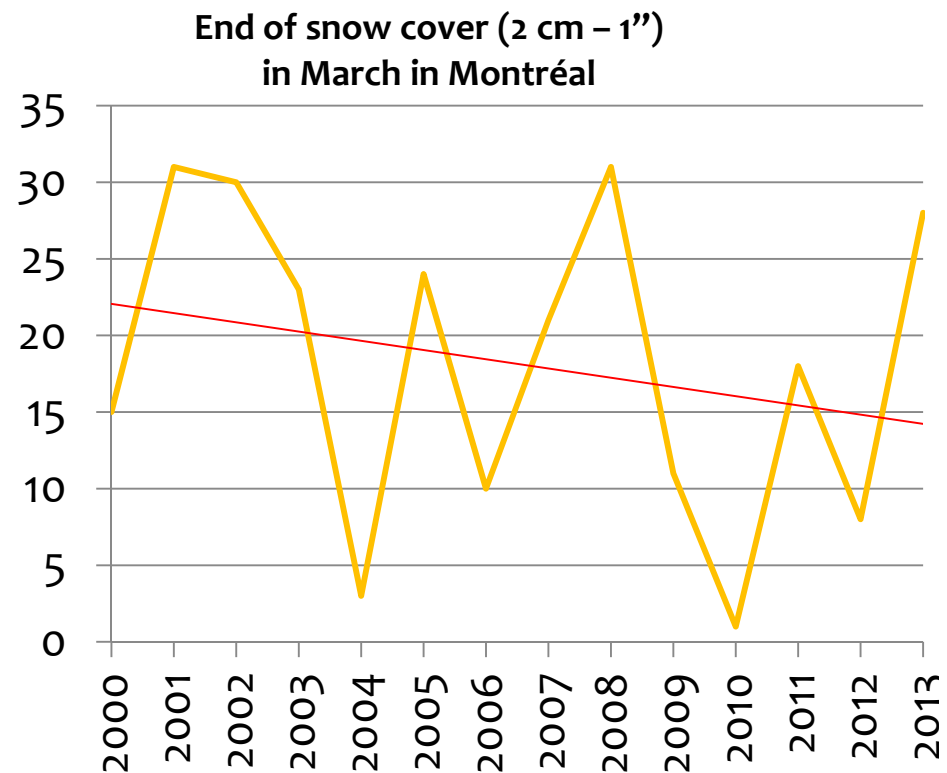
- \* Winter Duration in Montréal

- \* Ends earlier

- \* Average: March 14

- \* As soon as March 1st

- \* As late as April 1st



# Adaptation to Climate

# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Bike lanes
    - \* Plowed with the street





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Bike lanes
    - \* Plowed with the street
    - \* Snow loading simple



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Raised bike lanes
    - \* Same equipment as street
    - \* Might need 2<sup>nd</sup> snowplow pass
    - \* Snow loading simple



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Separated on-street lanes
  - \* Small equipment



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Separated on-street lanes
    - \* Small equipment
    - \* Snow loading difficult if trees/furniture in median





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Bike paths
    - \* Small equipment
    - \* In cold climates: possible to groom snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Bike paths
    - \* Small equipment
    - \* In cold climates: possible to groom snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Durable markings
    - \* For periods without snow in winter



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Design
  - \* Durable markings
    - \* For periods without snow in winter
    - \* For early spring





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
    - \* Effective for large amounts of snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
    - \* Effective for large amounts of snow
    - \* Leaves snow
    - \* Less effective for thin snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
    - \* Effective for large amounts of snow
    - \* Leaves snow
    - \* Less effective for thin snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
    - \* Toothed blades: procure rough non-slippery surface





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
    - \* Toothed blades: procure rough non-slippery surface



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
  - \* Brooms
    - \* Ineffective for large amounts of snow
    - \* Very effective for thin snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
  - \* Brooms
    - \* Ineffective for large amounts of snow
    - \* Very effective for thin snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Equipment
  - \* Snowplows
  - \* Brooms
  - \* Groomers
    - \* For paths only
    - \* Where mid-winter thaws are rare





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* Public VS individual responsibility
  - \* An icy surface is slippery !
  - \* Bicycles have only 2 wheels !



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* Public VS individual responsibility
  - \* An icy surface is slippery !
  - \* Bicycles have only 2 wheels !



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
    - \* VS efficiency
      - \* In Montréal :  
when < 1 inch of snow



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
    - \* VS efficiency
    - \* VS environment





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
    - \* VS efficiency
    - \* VS environment
    - \* VS damage to bicycles, clothing, concrete...



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
    - \* Solid salt



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
    - \* Solid salt VS
      - \* Brine
      - \* Pre-wetted salt
      - \* Hot sand + salt



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
  - \* Abrasives
    - \* Crushed stone / sand





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
  - \* Abrasives
    - \* Crushed stone / sand
      - \* Slippery when dry



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
  - \* Abrasives
  - \* Surface heating
    - \* Effective
    - \* Expensive
    - \* Site specific solution



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Traction control
  - \* To salt or not to salt...
  - \* Abrasives
  - \* Surface heating
    - \* Effective
    - \* Expensive
    - \* Site specific solution



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Proactivity
  - \* Sweep streets in winter?
    - \* Summer sweepers too fragile





# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Proactivity
  - \* Sweep streets in winter?
    - \* Summer sweepers too fragile
    - \* But winter sweepers can do it!



# Adaptation to Climate

- \* Proactivity
  - \* Remove snow before the end of winter



# Prioritization and Reliability

# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* To choose cycling you need to know if the path is clear





# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* Municipalities have limited budgets
- \* Lack of priority =
  - \* Unreliable for cyclists
  - \* Even if all the cycling network is #1 priority
- \* Priorities
  - \* Based on budgets

# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* Good systems have 3 priority levels
  - \* Main routes ( $\pm 20\%$ )
    - \* Before or at the same time as arterials
    - \* Before AM peak
  - \* Secondary routes ( $\pm 60\%$ )
    - \* After main routes
  - \* Other routes (local or recreation) ( $\pm 20\%$ )
    - \* When possible or not at all

# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* **Umeå**
- \* Sweden
- \* 80 000 h.



Winter cycling congress 14-02-2013

## Planning and organisation of winter road maintenance



# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* **Järvenpää**
- \* Finland
- \* 40 000 h.



## The prioritising

- CLASS A (28 km) main routes
  - The main routes from residential areas to centre. The main routes through the city centre. Important places.
- CLASS B (86 km)
  - The bike and pedestrian paths next to the roads and side walks
- CLASS C (20 km)
  - minor routes inside residential areas through parks etc.



# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* **Vienna**
- \* Austria
- \* 1.7 M h.



# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* **Vienna**

- \* Austria

- \* 1.7 M h.





# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* Calgary
- \* Canada
- \* 1.0 M h.
- \* 300/700 km maintained

The screenshot shows the City of Calgary website with a news article titled "Pathway snow clearing". The article text states: "Calgary pathways that are cleared of snow have been determined by City Council. The City's pathway system is approximately 700 km in length, of that, 300 km are cleared of snow." It lists several pathway systems: Bow River Pathway System, Elbow River Pathway System, Nose Creek Pathway System, Regional Pathways in the Uplands, Pathway Connectors to LRT Stations, and Priority 2 Pathways. A section titled "The following pathways are cleared on a priority 1 basis:" explains that Priority 1 means clearing within 24 hours of snowfall. It then lists the Bow River pathway system with three bullet points: North Bow River pathway from Montgomery Road N.W. east to Crowchild Tr., Baker Park, and North Bow River pathway from Crowchild Tr. east to Prince's Island. A final bullet point lists the North Bow River pathway from Prince's Island east to the Nose Creek, including lateral pathways to Crescent Rd. and Centre St. The website interface includes a search bar, navigation links, and social media icons.

# Prioritization and Reliability

- \* **Calgary**
- \* Canada
- \* 1.0 M h.
- \* 300/700 km  
maintained
- \* ...and it started like this !





# Prioritization and Reliability

**\* So there is hope everywhere !**



# Prioritization and Reliability

Laurier Avenue, Ottawa



# Prioritization and Reliability

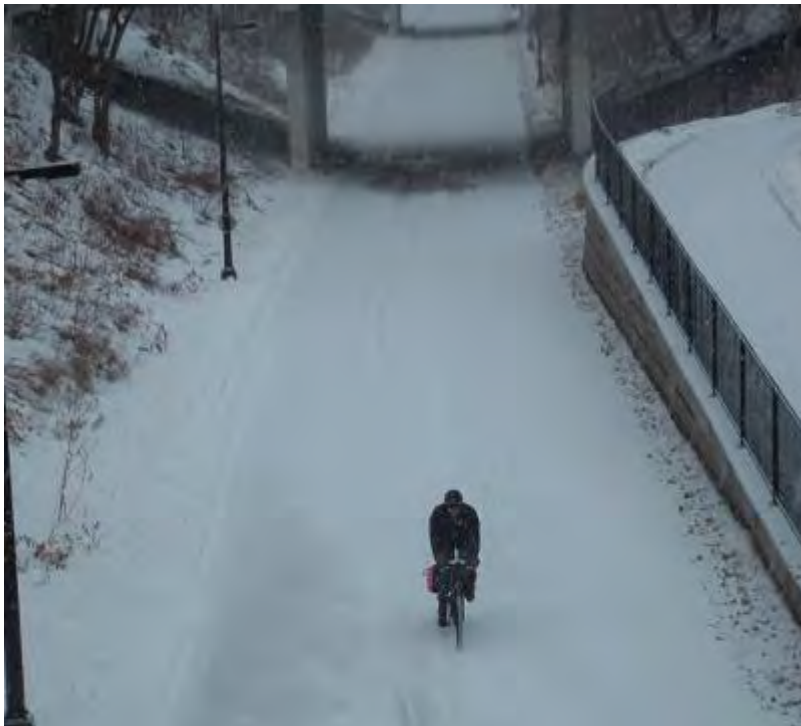
Sherbourne Street, Toronto





# Prioritization and Reliability

Minneapolis







Thanks !





THE WAY WE MOVE

# From Policy to Implementation: On-street Bike Facility Winter Maintenance Pilot Project

TRANSFORMING | **EDMONTON**  
BRINGING OUR CITY VISION TO LIFE



January 15, 2014

Tyler Golly, General Supervisor -  
Sustainable Transportation

# TRANSFORMING | EDMONTON

BRINGING OUR CITY VISION TO LIFE





# Edmonton in Winter

- Avg January Temp: -10 °C
- Avg Snowfall: 125 cm
- Shortest Day: 7.5 hours
- Types of Snow: primarily dry but some wet
- First snowfall typically late Oct or early Nov
- Snow pack remains all winter although melting does occur
- Winters are typically sunny



# Edmonton's Embrace of Winter



# Goals for Winter Transportation

1. Provide safe travel options in all 4 seasons (Combination of goals from Transportation Master Plan)
2. Design our community for winter safety and comfort (WinterCity Strategy)
3. Improve winter transportation for pedestrians, cyclists and public transit users (WinterCity Strategy)



# Snow & Ice Control Policy Update

- Approved by City Council in 2011
- Included service standards for active transportation
- Sidewalks cleared by residents within 48 hrs
- Shared-use paths cleared by the City within 48 hrs
- On-street bike lanes cleared to same service standard as the roadway it is on (within 48 hrs for collector streets)
- Streets cleared to bare pavement (except local streets)
- Snow removed from arterials, collectors & bus routes when the driving width or parking area restricts safe vehicular movement



# The Bad & The Good



## Policy to Action: Goals of the Pilot

- Determine what it takes to keep on-street routes bikeable throughout the winter & spring.
- Extend the lessons learned to the whole system or the Priority Network as a 1<sup>st</sup> stage.

## On-street Bike Facility Winter/Spring Maintenance Pilot

- Snow cleared within 48 hrs to bare pavement
- Windrows removed or shifted when bike lanes reduced to less than 1m (3 feet)
- Sanding/salt as required to address ice
- Spring street sweeping plan TBD in March

Windrow is a snow pile along the side of a street!

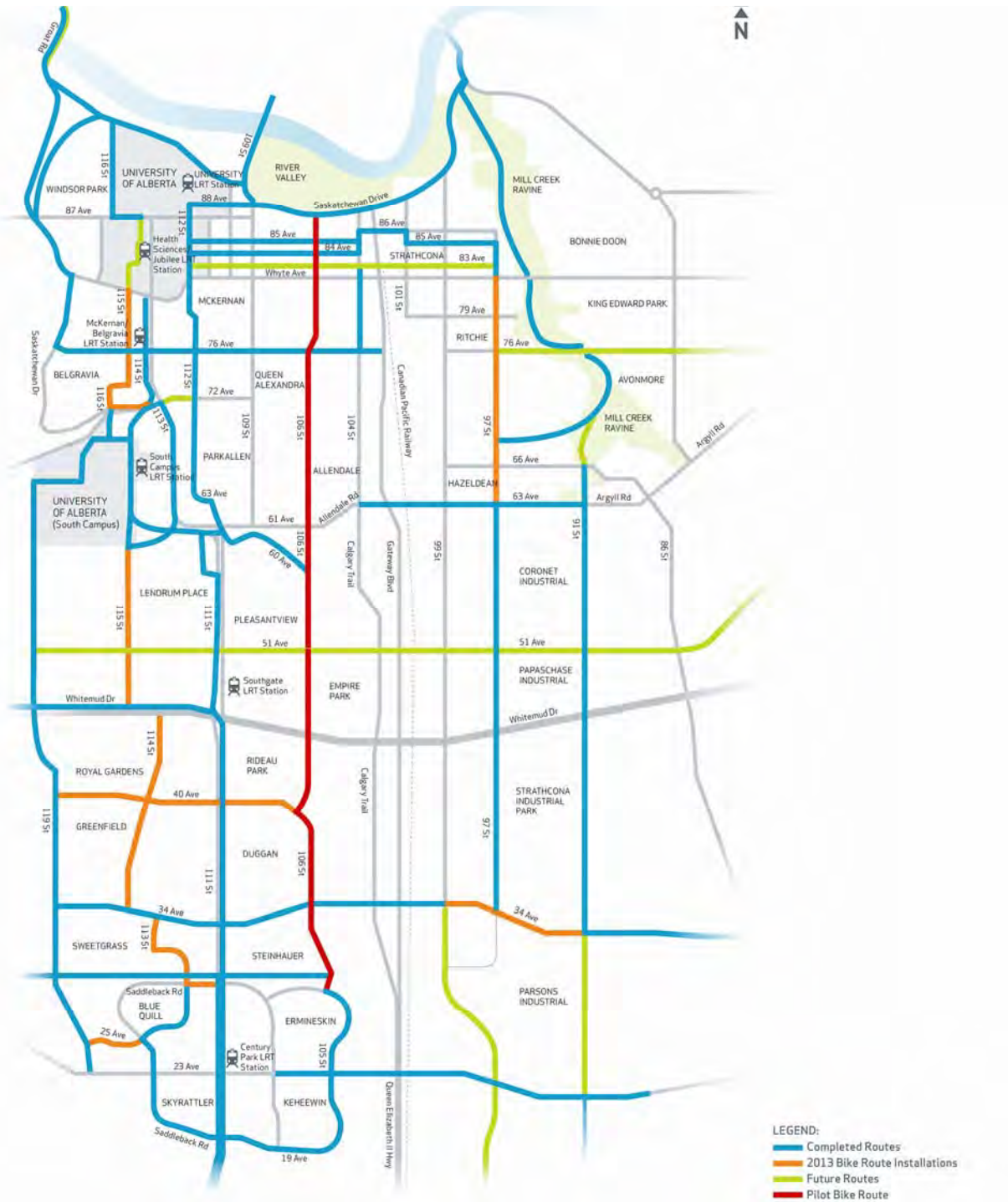


## How did we select the pilot route?

Wanted to test various scenarios to determine the requirements for each (operations & cost)

- Mix of Facility Types
- Mix of Parking Configurations
- Different Location of Sidewalks
- Varying Contexts





# How did we select the pilot route?





# How are we monitoring the pilot?

Crucial to answer the question of whether improved clearing will increase winter biking.

## Actions to increase awareness:

- News release to publicize pilot project
- Created Winter Cycling webpage
- Engaged stakeholders (advocacy groups and bike shops)



# How are we monitoring the pilot?

## Monitoring Activities

- Cyclist counts
- Weekly monitoring of bike lane width & conditions
- Bicycle User survey that ride the route each month to track quality of the service, assess conditions, & monitor use
- Resident (and parents of local school children) survey that live in the area to assess success and impacts of the pilot
- Citizen emails, calls, and tweets reporting conditions and identifying problem areas
- Weather data (snow events & total snowfall)
- Snow clearing/removal & street sweeping activity log and cost





# Results

COMING SOON to a computer near you!

- Lots of snow so far in 2013/2014...more than average and the number of snow events has been very frequent
- First user survey just closed and will help to identify issues that can be addressed to improve the pilot
- Results will be reported to public & Council

## Links to Resources

[www.edmonton.ca/wintercitystrategy](http://www.edmonton.ca/wintercitystrategy)

[www.edmonton.ca/thewaywemove](http://www.edmonton.ca/thewaywemove)

[www.edmonton.ca/citizendashboard](http://www.edmonton.ca/citizendashboard)

[www.edmonton.ca/wintercycling](http://www.edmonton.ca/wintercycling)

[www.edmonton.ca/cycling](http://www.edmonton.ca/cycling)

[wintercyclingcongresswinnipeg.org/](http://wintercyclingcongresswinnipeg.org/)



**Tyler Golly**  
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# Strategies to Enable Winter Cycling and Walking

Association of Pedestrian & Bicycle  
Professionals

January 15, 2014 Webinar

Arthur Ross, Pedestrian-Bicycle Coordinator

City of Madison, Wisconsin  
Traffic Engineering Division







## America's 20 Coldest Major Cities

By Jon Erdman Published: Jan 9, 2014, 3:06 PM EST

<http://www.weather.com/news/weather-winter/20-coldest-large-cities-america-20140107>

### #3: Madison, Wisc. (Avg. Dec-Feb Temp: 21.6 degrees)



**Madison's all-time record low was -37 degrees set on Jan. 30, 1951. On average, subzero cold occurs 17 days each year, while subfreezing temperatures occur 152 days a year, there. (Andy Manis/Getty Images)**

# Madison, Wisconsin

## Actual and Historic Average High and Low Temperatures (°F)

### December 22, 2013 – January 11, 2014

| Date                 | Actual High | Actual Low | Average<br>Historic High | Average<br>Historic Low |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>Dec 22 , 2013</b> |             |            | 28°                      | 14°                     |
| 23                   |             |            | 28°                      | 14°                     |
| 24                   |             |            | 28°                      | 13°                     |
| 25                   |             |            | 28°                      | 13°                     |
| 26                   |             |            | 27°                      | 13°                     |
| 27                   |             |            | 27°                      | 13°                     |
| 28                   |             |            | 27°                      | 13°                     |
| 29                   |             |            | 27°                      | 12°                     |
| 30                   |             |            | 27°                      | 12°                     |
| 31                   |             |            | 27°                      | 12°                     |
| <b>Jan 1, 2014</b>   |             |            | 27°                      | 12°                     |
| 2                    |             |            | 27°                      | 12°                     |
| 3                    |             |            | 26°                      | 12°                     |
| 4                    |             |            | 26°                      | 12°                     |
| 5                    |             |            | 26°                      | 12°                     |
| 6                    |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |
| 7                    |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |
| 8                    |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |
| 9                    |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |
| 10                   |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |
| 11                   |             |            | 26°                      | 11°                     |



# Madison, Wisconsin

## Actual and Historic Average High and Low Temperatures (°F)

### December 22, 2013 – January 11, 2014

| Date          | Actual High | Actual Low | Average Historic High | Average Historic Low |
|---------------|-------------|------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Dec 22 , 2013 | 27°         | 14°        | 28°                   | 14°                  |
| 23            | 21°         | -2°        | 28°                   | 14°                  |
| 24            | 12°         | -12°       | 28°                   | 13°                  |
| 25            | 23°         | 11°        | 28°                   | 13°                  |
| 26            | 26°         | 12°        | 27°                   | 13°                  |
| 27            | 37°         | 9°         | 27°                   | 13°                  |
| 28            | 42°         | 20°        | 27°                   | 13°                  |
| 29            | 39°         | -4°        | 27°                   | 12°                  |
| 30            | 3°          | -14°       | 27°                   | 12°                  |
| 31            | 7°          | -5°        | 27°                   | 12°                  |
| Jan 1, 2014   | 8°          | 0°         | 27°                   | 12°                  |
| 2             | 11°         | -10°       | 27°                   | 12°                  |
| 3             | 20°         | -14°       | 26°                   | 12°                  |
| 4             | 33°         | 15°        | 26°                   | 12°                  |
| 5             | 15°         | -9°        | 26°                   | 12°                  |
| 6             | -9°         | -18°       | 26°                   | 11°                  |
| 7             | 2°          | -15°       | 26°                   | 11°                  |
| 8             | 10°         | -12°       | 26°                   | 11°                  |
| 9             | 23°         | -16°       | 26°                   | 11°                  |
| 10            | 36°         | 22°        | 26°                   | 11°                  |
| 11            | 36°         | 28°        | 26°                   | 11°                  |





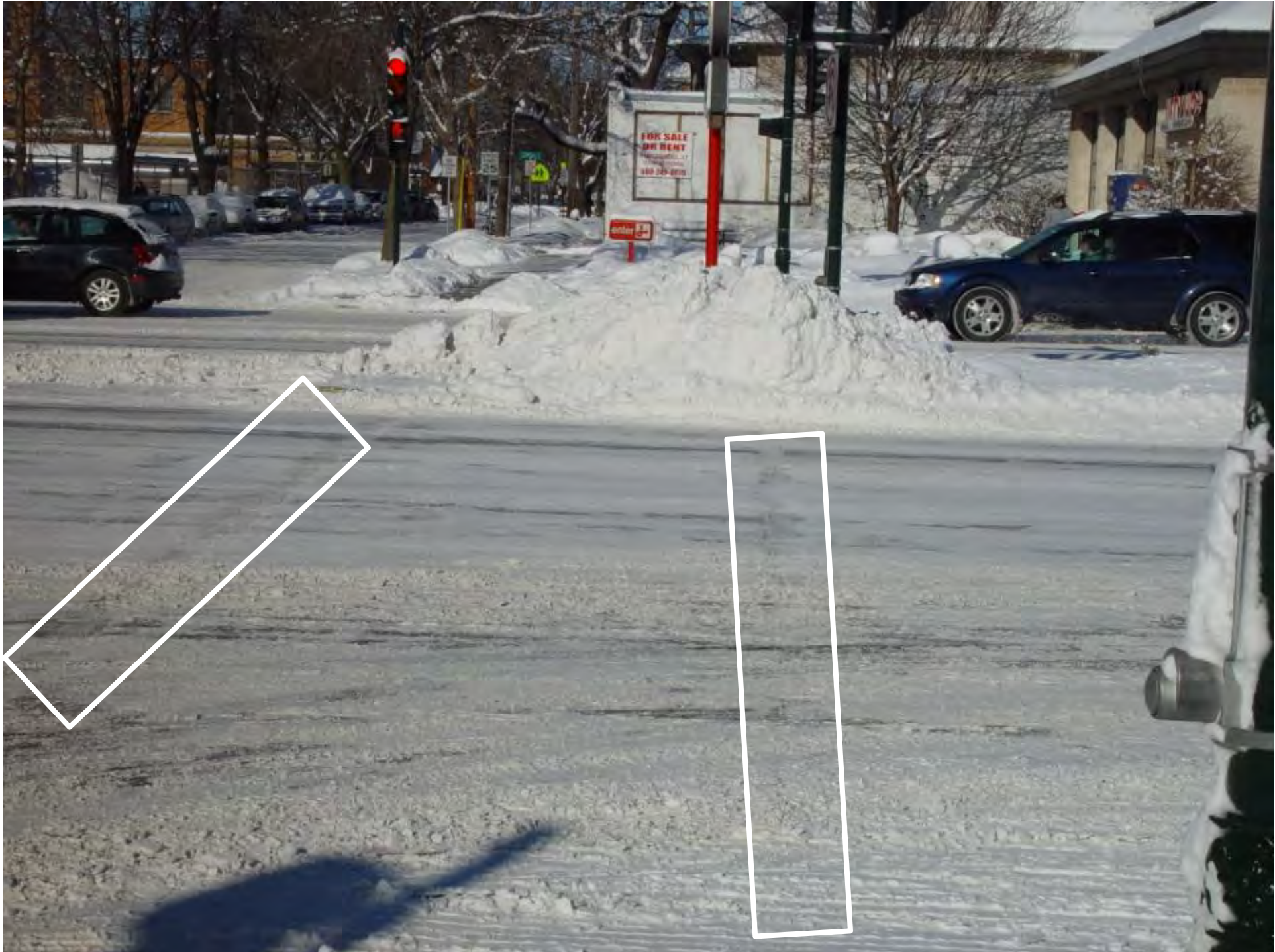


























**JUST ASK US** | Local people, places and events

**Q** Does the city actively police sidewalks that aren't cleared of snow, or does it issue citations on a complaint basis?

**A** The city's snow removal ordinance requires that residents clear snow from their sidewalk by noon of the day after snowfall has stopped.

Enforcement of the ordinance is mostly complaint driven; however, there are a few areas designated as priority pedestrian corridors, where the city actively checks sidewalks after measurable snowfalls, said George Hank, director of the city's Building Inspection Division.

Priority pedestrian corridors are areas with high foot traffic or high concentrations of elderly people and people with mobility issues, Hank said.

So far this winter, the Building Inspection Division has received about 470 complaints. Of the properties that have been inspected, 209 citations were issued and about 200 were found not to be in violation of the ordinance, he said.

The fine for failure to remove snow and ice from sidewalks is \$124 for the first violation. It increases to \$187 for subsequent violations during the same snow season.



The Capital Times archives

Miguel Villalpando, of Madison, clears the snow from a sidewalk last month on Homer Court in Madison.

But the fees don't stop there. Among the violators, 201 addresses were referred to the city's snow removal contractor, which had to clear snow at 31 of them. The average removal cost, which is passed on to the property owner, is around \$100, Hank said.

Send questions to: [justaskus@madison.com](mailto:justaskus@madison.com);  
Just Ask Us, P.O. Box 8058, Madison, WI 53708.



Got a question? We'll find the answer. Send them all to [justaskus@madison.com](mailto:justaskus@madison.com) or Just Ask Us, PO Box 8058, Madison, WI, 53708.

**City officials unveil new winter  
sidewalk safety PSA  
after seeing high number of citations**  
*Posted: Jan 09, 2014 10:01 PM CST*



<http://www.wkow.com/story/24412590/2014/01/09/city-officials-unveil-new-winter-sidewalk-safety-psa>







<http://media.cityofmadison.com/Mediasite/Play/7fb5a3f9f17b4c9c952c76b76e20cd351d>







ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

**The owner of this property has been fined for failure to remove snow / ice from the public sidewalk.** The sidewalk is in violation of Section 10.28(1), Madison general Ordinances, which regulates snow and ice removal form sidewalks.

**If the sidewalk is not cleared by tomorrow morning the City will shovel the sidewalk as provided in Section 10.28(2). In addition to the forfeiture on this citation, the owner will be billed for the time spent, plus an administrative fee if the City must remove the hazard on the sidewalk.**

If you are not responsible for sidewalk maintenance at this address, please notify the appropriate person. The text of Section 10.28(1) and (2) Madison General Ordinances, is printed on the back of this card. For more information you may call the Building Inspection Division at 266-4551.

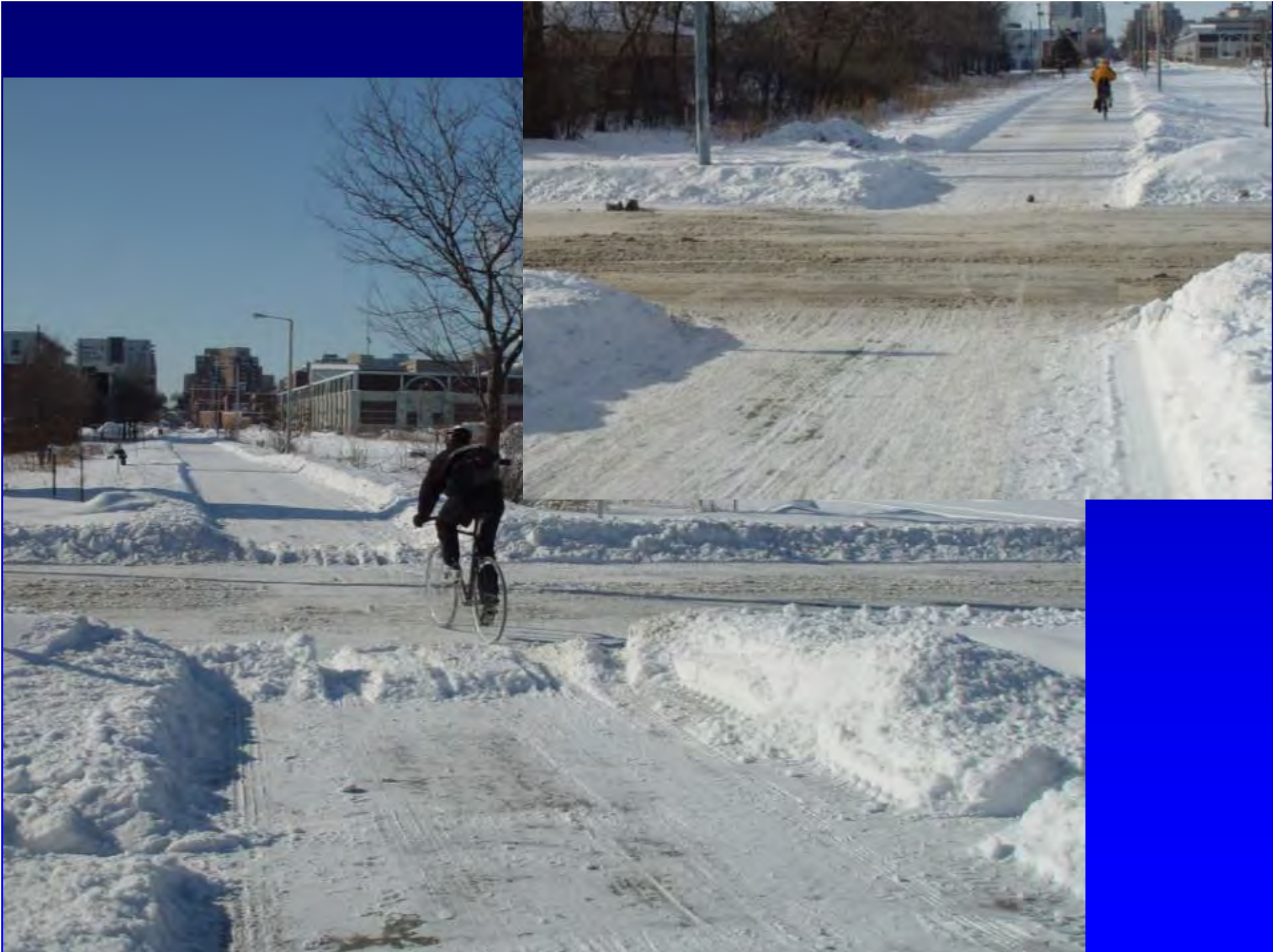
(over)

**10.28 SNOW AND ICE TO BE REMOVED FROM SIDEWALKS.**

- (1) The owner of each lot or part of lot shall remove all snow and ice upon the sidewalk abutting the premises which he or she owns not later than 12:00 noon of the day after the snow or ice has accumulated on the sidewalk, regardless of the source of accumulation. The owner of property abutting sidewalks on two intersecting streets shall remove all snow and ice from the sidewalks of both streets, including that portion of the sidewalks bordering the crosswalk, including the curb ramp, if any, regardless of the source of the snow accumulation.

Provided that when ice has so formed upon any sidewalk that it cannot be removed, then the owner shall keep the same effectively sprinkled with sand, salt or other suitable substance in such manner as to prevent the ice from being dangerous, until such time as it can be removed, and then it shall be promptly removed. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be subject to a forfeiture of not less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than fifty dollars (\$50) for a first offense and not less than thirty dollars (\$30) nor more than one hundred dollars (\$100) for any subsequent offense. Each day any violation of this ordinance continues shall constitute a separate offense.

- (2) The Department of Planning and Community and Economic Development shall cause all sidewalks which shall not have been cleared of snow and ice as above described, to be cleared upon default of the person whose duty it shall be to clear the same. An accurate account of the expenses incurred shall be kept and reported to the Finance Director, who shall annually prepare a statement of the expense so incurred in front of each lot or parcel of land and report the same to the City Clerk, and the amount therein charged to each lot or parcel of land shall be by said Clerk entered in the tax roll as a special tax against said lot or parcel of land, and the same shall be collected in all respects like other taxes upon real estate. Prosecution under Subsection (1) of this ordinance shall not bar the City from proceeding under Subsection (2) of this ordinance, nor shall proceeding under Subsection (2) bar prosecution under Subsection (1).













































# References

## City of Madison Web Pages

### Snow and Ice Control Procedures

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/documents/SnowIceProcedures.pdf>

### Snow Removal FAQs

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/SnowIce/snowRulesFAQs.cfm>

### Snow Removal Regulations

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/snowIce/snowrules.cfm>

### Accessibility in Winter

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/residents/accessibility.cfm>

### Winter Transportation and Snow and Ice Removal

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/snowice/>

# References

## City of Madison Web Pages (cont'd)

### Be a Good Winter Neighbor

<http://www.cityofmadison.com/residents/winter/residents/goodNeighbor.cfm>

### Snow and Ice Removal Report-A-Problem

<https://www.cityofmadison.com/reportaproblem/snowremoval.cfm>

## **Contact Information**

**Arthur Ross, Pedestrian and Bicycle Coordinator  
City of Madison, Traffic Engineering Division  
215 Martin Luther King, Jr. Blvd., Suite 100  
PO Box 2986  
Madison, WI 53701-2986**

**608-266-6225**

**[aross@cityofmadison.com](mailto:aross@cityofmadison.com)**



# Winter Sidewalk Maintenance Burlington, VT

*January 15, 2015*  
*APBP webinar*



# Overview

- \* Policies & Regulations
- \* Program Planning & Development
- \* Annual preparation for winter maintenance
- \* Resources for implementation
- \* Operations
- \* Challenges

# Policy & Regulations

- \* City Ordinance: awning/shade snow removal required
- \* DPW: snow removal on accepted streets & sidewalks
  - \* Shared use paths = Parks Dept., no winter clearing
  - \* Fleet of sidewalk plows/blowers
- \* Sidewalk repair program
  - \* Prioritizes worst deficiencies e.g. vertical displacement
  - \* New sidewalks to have greenbelt for snow storage





“Old Mike”: horse-drawn oscillating wooden “V” plow, one driver, and handbrake

- Began in 1930’s (we think)
- Phased out in 1940’s



## Mechanical Plows

- Supplemented “Old Mike” for heavy, wet snow
- Eventually became the standard



## Modern Equipment

- Expanded mechanical fleet in 2003
- Accommodates blower, v-blade, or straight-blade with salter
- Heated cabs
- \$125,000+ to purchase
- Fan club





# Planning & Development

- \* 4 guiding principles:
  - \* Thorough and thoughtful planning
  - \* Flexibility
  - \* Consistent, high level of service
  - \* Urban environment is an inherent challenge
- \* Annual evaluation and goal-setting:
  - \* E.g. Reduce accidents / property damage, replace “treated” salt, acquire spare equipment, seasonal help, pre-salting

# Annual Preparation

## Summer:

- Fleet purchasing

## Fall:

- Fleet maintenance
- Seasonal hires



## Summer / Fall:

- Street/ sidewalk maintenance
- Parking ban light system

## November:

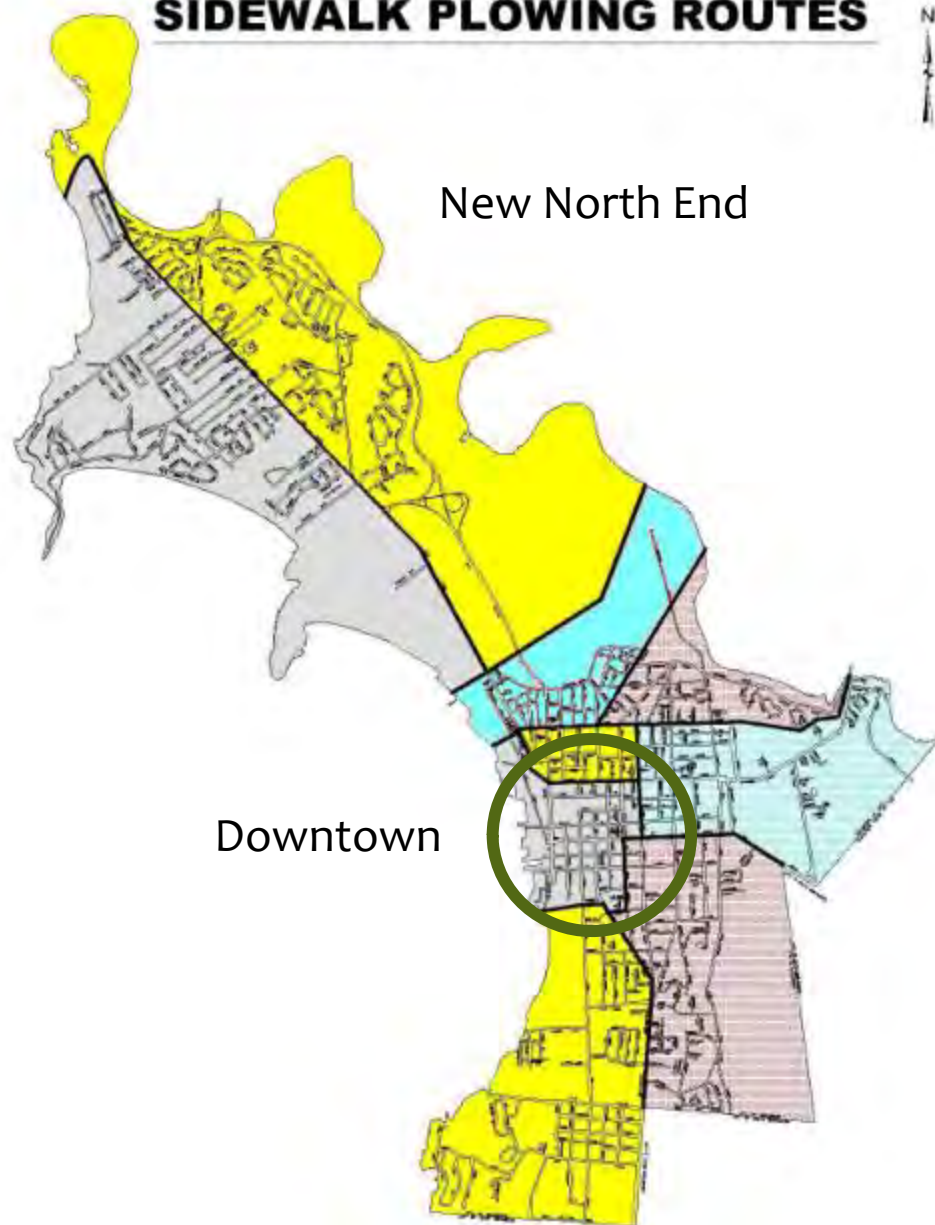
- Driver route training
- Route improvements (“Do Not Plow” signs, trees / shrubs)

# Resources

- \* 150 miles of sidewalk
  - \* 988 curb ramps
- \* 80” snow average annually
  - \* length of storm just as important
- \* 12 sidewalk plows
- \* 14 – 50 employees per storm (entire plow operation)
- \* Annual budget:
  - \* \$366,000 - \$500,000
    - \* Includes labor, overtime, fuel, salt, etc.
  - \* New vs. used equipment
    - \* \$15,000 to prep used plow
    - \* \$125,000 off the shelf



## SIDEWALK PLOWING ROUTES



# Operations

- \* 9 sidewalk plow routes
  - \* 7 – 8 hours to plow all sidewalks once
    - \* All sidewalks plowed twice per storm
  - \* 24 hours to snow-blow all sidewalks
  - \* 8-12 hours to salt all sidewalks
- \* Sidewalk plowing concurrent with street plowing
  - \* Extra attention to downtown, school zones, and crossing guard locations

# Strategy

- \* First priority: clear a path
- \* Next steps:
  - \* as accessible as we can make each sidewalk
  - \* Clear path from on-street handicap parking spaces



# Storm-Specific Operations



- \* Long storms = blowers, no salt until sidewalks are clear
- \* Short, cold storms = plow w/ salt
- \* Ice storms = salt, some plows
- \* After large accumulation, backhoe w/ dump trucks removal at curb ramps, parking meters, downtown



# Indirect Operations

- \* Parking bans during heavy storms (no seasonal ban)
  - \* 3 pm deadline for 10pm – 7 am parking ban
  - \* By zone or citywide
    - \* Street lights & email list serve
  - \* Police Dept: parking enforcement & towing
    - \* Free parking available in city garages during bans
  - \* Vehicles cannot protrude into sidewalks
- \* Transit stops maintained by transit authority
  - \* Frequent communication



# Some drawbacks...

- \* Liability?
  - \* Property damage claims are common
    - \* ROW clarity is important
  - \* Personal damage claims are not as common
- \* It isn't always an easy task!



# Contact Info



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[nlosch@burlingtonvt.gov](mailto:nlosch@burlingtonvt.gov)  
802-865-5833

Rob Green  
Streets Division Assistant Director  
[rgreen@burlingtonvt.gov](mailto:rgreen@burlingtonvt.gov)  
802-865-7200

Our fleet's fan club:  
Twitter @BTVSnowDragon

